



# **Consolidated Financial Summary for the First Nine Months of the Fiscal Year Ending March 2010**

February 5, 2010

Company name: Kanematsu Corporation

Stock exchange listing: Tokyo Stock Exchange, Osaka Securities Exchange

Stock code: 8020

Representative: President, Yoshihiro Miwa

Contact: General Manager, the General Accounting Department, Nobuyoshi Sakuyama TEL (03) 5440-8111

Scheduled date of submission: February 12, 2010

Scheduled date for commencement of dividend payments: –

(Figures of less than one million are rounded down.)

1. Consolidated business results for the first nine months of the fiscal year ending March 2010 (April 1, 2009 – December 31, 2009)

(1) Consolidated business results (sum total)

(%: Change from the previous year)

URL: http://www.kanematsu.co.jp

	Net sales		Operating income		Ordinary income		Net income	
	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Million yen	%
First nine months to December 2009	632,791	-30.9	8,105	-52.0	5,538	-58.1	2,044	-43.1
First nine months to December 2008	915,754	_	16,893	_	13,216	_	3,595	_

	Net income per share	Net income per share (diluted basis)
	Yen	Yen
First nine months to December 2009	4.89	_
First nine months to December 2008	8.59	_

## (2) Consolidated financial condition

	Total assets	Net assets	Equity ratio	Net assets per share
	Million yen	Million yen	%	Yen
As of December 31, 2009	405,600	43,797	6.6	64.15
As of March 31, 2009	414,928	42,035	6.0	59.61

(Reference) Shareholder's equity: 26,830 million yen as of December 2009, 24,936 million yen as of March 2009

### 2. Dividends

		Dividends per share								
(Record date)	End of first quarter	End of second quarter	End of third quarter	Year end	Fiscal					
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen					
Fiscal year ended March 2009	_	0.00	_	0.00	0.00					
Fiscal year ending March 2010	_	0.00	_							
Fiscal year ending March 2010 (Forecasts)				0.00	0.00					

(Note) Revisions of expected dividends in the third quarter under review: None

3. Forecasts for consolidated results ending March 2010 (April 1, 2009 – March 31, 2010)

(%: Changes from the same period of the previous year)

	Net sale	es .	Operating in	ncome	Ordinary income		Net income		Net income per share
	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Yen
Full year	850,000	-25.4	12,000	-36.9	8,000	-39.1	3,000	_	7.17

(Note) Revisions of estimated consolidated results in the third quarter under review: Yes

- 4. Other information
- (1) Important change in subsidiaries during the term (Change in scope of consolidation): None
- (2) Application of simplified accounting and accounting specific to the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements: Yes
  - (Note) For details, please see the statement under the heading of "4. Others" of the section "Qualitative Information, Financial Statements, Etc." on page 5.
- (3) Change in accounting principle, procedure and presentation related to the preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements (noted on changes in "Basis of quarterly consolidated financial statements")
- (i) Change due to amendment to accounting standard: None
- (ii) Change due to other than above: None
- (4) Number of outstanding shares (common shares)
- (i) Number of outstanding shares including treasury stock
  First nine months (2009/12): 422,501,010 shares, Fiscal year (2009/3): 422,501,010 shares
- (ii) Number of treasury stock First nine months (2009/12): 4,266,552 shares, Fiscal year (2009/3): 4,173,604 shares
- (iii) Average number of shares during the period (first nine months)

  First nine months (2009/12): 418,298,761 shares, First nine months (2008/12): 418,385,795 shares
- \* Explanation about the proper use of results forecasts, and additional information

  The results forecasts and forward-looking statements included in this document are based on information available on the date
  of the announcement and estimates based on reasonable assumptions. Actual results might be significantly different from the
  forecasts in the document, depending on various factors. Refer to the section "3. Qualitative information on consolidated
  results forecasts" of Qualitative Information, Financial Statements, Etc. on page 4 for further information on results forecasts.
- \* Considering the results in the third quarter and the economic outlook, the Company has revised its consolidated results forecasts for the full year announced on May 8, 2009. Refer to the section "3. Qualitative Information on Consolidated Results Forecasts" of "Qualitative Information, Financial Statements, Etc." on page 4 and Revisions of Results Forecasts announced on February 5, 2010 for details of the revision.

[Qualitative Information, Financial Statements, Etc.]

#### 1. Qualitative Information on Consolidated Operating Results

During the first three quarters under review (from April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009), there were signs of a recovery, albeit a very moderate one, in the global economy, reflecting domestic demand growth delivered through economic stimulus policies in China and other countries in Asia. Nonetheless, the outlook for the global economy remained uncertain. The prognosis for the Japanese economy did not allow for optimism, given reduced capital spending, a strong yen, deflation, and a difficult employment situation, although Japan too saw some signs of recovery, especially in exports for Asia.

In this environment, the Group sought to make itself useful as a true business creator providing the mixture of goods and knowledge at which the Group excels. Meanwhile, we continued with initiatives to cut costs and improve earnings.

Given the effect of declining turnover associated with weak demand, however, results were disappointing, especially in the Iron, Steel & Plants, and Life Science & Energy segments. Consolidated net sales declined ¥282,963 million (30.9%) year on year, to ¥632,791 million yen. Gross trading profit slipped ¥13,896 million (20.4%), to ¥54,346 million. Operating income fell ¥8,788 million (52.0%), to ¥8,105 million. Non-operating income increased ¥1,111 million, reflecting an improvement in interest income thanks to reductions in interest-bearing debt and improved foreign currency translation outcomes. Ordinary income declined ¥7,678 million (58.1%), to ¥5,538 million.

Extraordinary gains were \$170 million as a gain on the reversal of the allowance for doubtful accounts and a gain on sale of investment in securities outweighed losses from litigation. Income before income taxes and minority interests was \$5,709 million, a decline of \$5,032 million (46.8%) from a year earlier. Net income after the deduction of income taxes and minority interests amounted to \$2,044 million, a fall of \$1,551 million (43.1%).

The results for each business segment are as follows:

#### (1) IT

Although there were promising signs in the electronic materials and semiconductor equipment businesses, turnover declined, particularly in the electronic components, semiconductor equipment and solution businesses as the markets remained sluggish, and capital expenditures fell. As a result, net sales in the IT Division fell \$41,270 million year on year, to \$167,816 million. Operating income declined \$1,984 million, to \$3,151 million.

## (2) Foods & Foodstuff

In the foods business, net sales declined, reflecting a fall in commodities prices and the appreciation of the yen. However, the business continued to generate profits, especially in the marine products business, which focused on sales of highly processed foods. The business also benefited from improvements in the profit ratio and strong sales of less expensive items. In the foodstuffs business, net sales were lower as the industry environment remained difficult, given falls in grain prices and a slump in sales prices in feedstuff transactions. As a consequence, net sales in the Foods & Foodstuffs Division decreased ¥54,841 million, to ¥203,431 million. Operating income slipped ¥764 million, to ¥2,774 million.

## (3) Iron, Steel & Plants

In the iron and steel business, exports to North America and the domestic steel business faced a severe business environment, given a delay in the recovery in demand, although exports to the Middle East were solid. In the industrial plants business, transactions involving auto parts for China were good against a background of expanding demand for cars in China. However, the transportation machinery business as a whole struggled, reflecting a sluggish market and a strong yen. Transactions related to petrochemical plants for the Middle East were solid. Demand for machine tools declined, the consequence of cutbacks in corporate capital spending. As a result, net sales in the Iron, Steel & Plants Division declined ¥79,245 million year on year, to ¥104,527 million. Operating income fell ¥5,441 million, to ¥973 million.

## (4) Life Science & Energy

The life science business remained stagnant, given a fall in the prices of chemical products on lower prices of crude oil, and sluggish exports of pharmaceutical ingredients, the result of the emergence of generic drugs. The energy business also faced difficult business conditions, given a decline in the trading volume associated with a slump in demand, reflecting the economic slowdown, and a fall in the prices of petroleum products. Consequently, net sales in the Life Science & Energy Division fell ¥94,907 million year on year, to ¥144,650 million. Operating income slipped ¥1,503 million, to ¥582 million.

#### (5) Other

Net sales declined \(\pm\)12,701 million, to \(\pm\)12,365 million, mainly because of the downsizing of the aluminum recycling business. Thanks to improved profitability in the business, operating income rose \(\pm\)1,130 million, to \(\pm\)293 million.

## 2. Qualitative Information on the Consolidated Financial Position

(Assets, liabilities and net assets)

Total assets at the end of the first three quarters of the fiscal year under review fell \$9,328 million from the end of the previous fiscal year, to \$405,600 million, primarily because of a decline in operating receivables caused by a fall in the trading volume. Borrowings fell \$10,823 million, to \$202,784 million, because of repayments of seasonal loans by overseas offices. Net interest-bearing debt declined \$14,441 million, to \$120,141 million, given an increase in cash and bank deposits.

Net assets increased \$1,762 million, to \$43,797 million, primarily attributable to the improvement of retained earnings associated with net income. As a result, the equity ratio increased 0.6 percentage point from the end of the previous fiscal year, to 6.6%. The net debt-equity improved to 4.5 from 5.4.

## (Cash flows)

Net cash provided by operating activities in the first three quarters of the fiscal year under review stood at ¥16,333 million (compared with net cash provided of ¥2,322 million for the first three quarters of the previous fiscal year), attributable to the collection of accounts receivable and a decrease in inventories. Net cash used in investing activities was ¥20,132 million (compared with net cash provided of ¥259 million), the result of an increase in time deposits and other factors. Net cash used in financing activities was ¥11,565 million (compared with net cash used of ¥9,640 million), attributable to repayments of debt. As a result, cash and cash equivalents at the end of the third quarter of the fiscal year under review stood at ¥63,197 million, down ¥15,458 million from the end of the previous fiscal year.

#### 3. Qualitative Information on Consolidated Results Forecasts

The outlook for the world economy remains highly uncertain, with monetary tightening in a number of countries and the escalation of international tensions. Still, the global economy is recovering gradually, driven by economic growth in emerging countries, especially China and India. Despite some promising signs in business with emerging economies, the Japanese economy is not expected to stage a general recovery, with no signs of improvement in personal spending or in the employment situation.

Recognizing these circumstances, we have revised the consolidated results forecasts for the current fiscal year announced on May 8, 2009, given results in the third quarter under review and future supply and demand trends. The details of the revisions are described in the Revisions of Results Forecasts announced today.

(Million yen)

	Net sales	Operating income	Ordinary income	Net income	Net income per share (yen)
Previous forecasts (A)	1,000,000	15,500	11,500	5,000	11.95
Revised forecasts (B)	850,000	12,000	8,000	3,000	7.17
Change (B-A)	-150,000	-3,500	-3,500	-2,000	-
Rate of change (%)	-15.0	-22.6	-30.4	-40.0	-
(For reference)					
Results for previous term	1,138,755	19,027	13,127	-12,787	-30.56
(fiscal year ended March 2009)					

The results forecasts and forward-looking statements included in this document are based on information available at the time of the announcement and estimates based on reasonable assumptions. Actual results may differ significantly from the forecasts and statements in the document, depending on various factors.

#### 4. Others

(1) Changes in important subsidiaries during the term under review (changes in specified subsidiaries requiring a change in the scope of consolidation)

Not applicable.

(For reference) The scope of consolidation and the application of the equity method

Number of consolidated subsidiaries: 85 companies (1 company was added; 5 companies reduced)

Number of unconsolidated subsidiaries accounted for by the equity method:

6 companies (- companies were added; 1 company reduced)

Number of equity method affiliates: 28 companies (- companies were added; - companies reduced)

- (2) Application of simplified accounting and accounting specific to the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements
  - 1. Simplified accounting
    - (i) Method used to calculate the estimate of general bad debts

Since the loan loss ratio at the end of the third quarter under review has not changed significantly from that at the end of the previous fiscal year, the Company used reasonable standards, including the loan loss ratio that was calculated in the settlement for the previous fiscal year, to calculate the estimate of general bad debts.

(ii) Inventory valuation method

Certain consolidated subsidiaries omitted physical stocktaking for the first nine months under review and computed inventories at the end of the third quarter by a reasonable method based on actual inventories at the end of the previous fiscal year.

With respect to the reduction of the book value of inventories held for the purpose of usual sale, certain consolidated subsidiaries estimated the net sale value of only those inventories whose profitability was obviously reduced and cut the book value of the inventories.

(iii) Method used to calculate the depreciation cost of fixed assets

The Company calculated the depreciation cost of assets for which the declining balance method is used by dividing the depreciation cost for the fiscal year proportionally.

(iv) Simplified method for judging the collectability of deferred tax assets

Since the business environment and the temporary difference were deemed not to have changed materially from the end of the previous fiscal year, the Company used the earnings forecast and tax planning used in the account settlement for the previous fiscal year to judge the collectability of deferred tax assets at the end of the third quarter.

2. Accounting specific to the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements

Calculation of tax expenses

Certain consolidated subsidiaries calculated tax expenses by multiplying income before income taxes and minority interests by an effective tax rate that was reasonably estimated by applying tax effect accounting to estimated income before income taxes for the fiscal year including the first nine months under review.

(3) Changes in accounting principle, procedure and presentation related to the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements

Not applicable.

## 5. Consolidated Financial Statements

## (1) Consolidated Balance Sheets

		(Million yen)
	End of third quarter under review (December 31, 2009)	Condensed consolidated balance sheets at the end of the previous fiscal year (March 31, 2009)
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and bank deposits	82,642	79,025
Notes and accounts receivable	*5 140,771	144,470
Lease investment assets	532	301
Short-term investments	-	15
Inventories	*1 52,107	*1 60,241
Short-term loans receivable	2,164	2,772
Deferred tax assets	1,064	2,021
Other	30,747	28,221
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(607)	(772)
Total current assets	309,423	316,296
Fixed assets		
Tangible fixed assets	*2 29,233	*2 30,094
Intangible fixed assets	1,814	2,054
Investments and other assets		
Investments in securities	37,325	37,893
Long-term loans receivable	13,030	13,448
Doubtful accounts	15,685	19,409
Deferred tax assets	14,353	14,837
Other	8,848	9,115
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(24,114)	(28,221)
Total investments and other assets	65,128	66,482
Total fixed assets	96,177	98,631
Total assets	405,600	414,928

	End of third quarter under review (December 31, 2009)	(Million yen) Condensed consolidated balance sheets at the end of the previous fiscal year (March 31, 2009)
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Notes and accounts payable	*5 110,593	106,468
Short-term borrowings	110,448	103,534
Lease obligations	293	152
Accrued income taxes	281	2,282
Deferred tax liabilities	0	1
Other	35,112	36,906
Total current liabilities	256,728	249,344
Long-term liabilities		
Long-term borrowings	92,336	110,073
Lease obligations	554	345
Deferred tax liabilities	290	283
Accrued severance indemnities	2,837	2,860
Allowance for loss on lawsuits	-	610
Reserve for directors' retirement benefits	619	681
Negative goodwill	15	92
Other	8,421	8,601
Total long-term liabilities	105,074	123,548
Total liabilities	361,803	372,892
Net assets		
Owners' equity		
Capital stock	27,781	27,781
Capital surplus	27,642	27,644
Retained earnings	(1,742)	(3,786)
Treasury stock	(637)	(632)
Total owners' equity	53,043	51,006
Valuation and translation adjustments		
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities	(65)	(891)
Deferred gain/loss on hedging	150	173
Land revaluation reserves	58	58
Translation adjustments	(26,356)	(25,409)
Total valuation and translation adjustments	(26,213)	(26,070)
Minority interests	16,967	17,099
Total net assets	43,797	42,035
Total liabilities and net assets	405,600	414,928

## [First nine months]

	Previous first nine months (From April 1, 2008 to December 31, 2008)	(Million yen) First nine months under review (From April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009)
Net sales	915,754	632,791
Cost of sales	847,511	578,445
Gross trading profit	68,242	54,346
Selling, general and administrative expenses	*1 51,349	*1 46,241
Operating income	16,893	8,105
Non-operating income		
Interest received	841	519
Dividends received	575	571
Foreign exchange gains	-	600
Other	1,260	923
Total non-operating income	2,676	2,614
Non-operating expenses		
Interest paid	4,221	3,299
Loss on equity method investments	413	683
Other	1,718	1,197
Total non-operating expenses	6,354	5,180
Ordinary income	13,216	5,538
Extraordinary gains		
Gain on sale of tangible fixed assets	30	17
Gain on sale of investment in securities	722	454
Gain on reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts	275	609
Total extraordinary gains	1,027	1,081
Extraordinary losses		
Loss on sales or disposal of fixed assets	86	88
Impairment loss	247	87
Loss on sales of investments in securities	76	18
Loss on valuation of investments in securities	364	137
Loss on valuation of inventories	*2 558	-
Loss on liquidation of subsidiaries and affiliates	1	48
Loss on revaluation of assets for special business	478	-
Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts for subsidiaries and affiliates	21	-
Transfer to allowance for doubtful accounts for credits of special business	1,668	-
Loss on litigation	-	529
Total extraordinary losses	3,502	910
Income before income taxes and minority interests	10,741	5,709
Income taxes – current	3,805	1,436
Income taxes – deferred	2,052	1,385
Total income taxes	5,858	2,822
Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries	1,287	842
Net income	3,595	2,044
1 (of mediae	3,575	2,01

692

66,203

0

63,197

Effect of the change in scope of consolidated subsidiaries

Cash and cash equivalent at end of term

(4) Notes Relating to the Assumptions of the Going Concern Not applicable.

## (5) Segment Information

[Industry Segment Information]

Previous first nine months (From April 1, 2008 to December 31, 2008)

(Million yen)

	IT	Foods & Foodstuff	Iron, Steel & Plants	Life Science & Energy	Other	Total	Adjustments & Eliminations	Consolidated
Net sales								
(1) Outside customers	209,086	258,272	183,772	239,557	25,066	915,754	-	915,754
(2) Inter-segment	46	9	886	53	49	1,045	(1,045)	-
Total	209,132	258,281	184,658	239,610	25,115	916,800	(1,045)	915,754
Operating income/loss	5,135	3,538	6,414	2,085	(837)	16,336	556	16,893

First nine months under review (From April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009)

(Million yen)

	IT	Foods & Foodstuff	Iron, Steel & Plants	Life Science & Energy	Other	Total	Adjustments & Eliminations	Consolidated
Net sales								
(1) Outside customers	167,816	203,431	104,527	144,650	12,365	632,791	-	632,791
(2) Inter-segment	14	5	211	31	29	292	(292)	-
Total	167,831	203,436	104,739	144,681	12,395	633,084	(292)	632,791
Operating income	3,151	2,774	973	582	293	7,776	328	8,105

(Notes) Segments are determined in accordance with the business management units of the relevant products and services. (The results of the consolidated subsidiaries having more than one business segment are calculated by segment.)

(6) Notes if there is a significant change in the amount of shareholders' equity Not applicable.

## (7) Notes

(In relation to consolidated balance sheets)

	End of third quarter of Fiscal (December 31, 2009)	2009	Fiscal 2008 (March 31, 2009)			
*1	The following is a breakdown of inver Merchandise and finished goods Real estate for sale Raw materials and stores Work in process Total	tories:  \[\pmathemath{\pmathem{\pmathemath{\pma	*1	The following is a breakdown of inverse Merchandise and finished goods Real estate for sale Raw materials and stores Work in process  Total	entories:  ¥57,102 million  ¥978 million  ¥1,278 million  ¥882 million  ¥60,241 million	
*2	The accumulated depreciation of tangi ¥31,991 million.	ble fixed assets was	*2	*2 The accumulated depreciation of tangible fixed ass ¥31,001 million.		
3	Guarantee obligation The Company provides debt guarantee companies other than consolidated cor Century Textile Industry True Corporation Public Watana Inter-Trade Others Total The above includes activities similar to	mpanies:  ¥1,041 million  ¥407 million  ¥157 million  ¥2,867 million  ¥4,474 million	3	Guarantee obligation The Company provides debt guarante companies other than consolidated co Century Textile Industry True Corporation Public Japan Logistics Others Total The above includes activities similar	ompanies:  ¥1,222 million  ¥407 million  ¥168 million <u>¥2,909 million</u> <u>¥4,708 million</u>	
4	Discounted notes receivable were ¥5,849 million (of which export bills discounted were ¥5,151 million). Notes receivable transfer by endorsement was ¥117 million.			Discounted notes receivable were ¥10 which export bills discounted were ¥ Notes receivable transfer by endorser million.	14,393 million).	
*5		ew was a bank y are included as	5		_	

(In relation to consolidated statements of income)

(in relation to consolidated statements of meonic)	
Previous first nine months (From April 1, 2008 to December 31, 2008)	First nine months under review (From April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009)
<ul> <li>*1 Major items in selling, general and administrative expenses and their amounts are as follows:         <ul> <li>Employees' salaries and bonuses: ¥20,128 million</li> <li>Provision for doubtful accounts: ¥242 million</li> </ul> </li> <li>*2 This is the reduced book amount relating to inventories at the beginning of the fiscal year in association with the application of the Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories (Accounting Standards Board of Japan Statement No. 9 issued on July 5, 2006).</li> <li>**Accounting Standards Board of Japan Statement No. 9 issued on July 5, 2006).</li> </ul>	*1 Major items in selling, general and administrative expenses and their amounts are as follows:  Employees' salaries and bonuses:  Provision for doubtful accounts:   417,794 million  Provision for doubtful accounts:  440 million

(In relation to consolidated statements of cash flows)

(In relation to consortance statements of cash nows)							
	Previous first nine months (From April 1, 2008 to December 31, 2008)			First nine months under review (From April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009)			
	*1	Relations between cash and cash equition the first nine months and amounts rein the quarterly consolidated balance (As of Cash and bank deposits:  Time deposits with maturities of 3 months or longer:  Cash and cash equivalent:	corded for accounts	*1	Relations between cash and cash eq the first nine months under review a for accounts in the quarterly consoli (As a Cash and bank deposits: Time deposits with maturities of 3 months or longer: Cash and cash equivalent:	and amounts recorded	

## 6. Other information

In August 2009, a lawsuit was filed (for the amount of ¥3,300 million) from a transferee based on a stated guarantee in connection with an agreement for transferring shares in and credits to Kanematsu Kankyo Co., Ltd. (the current Funabashi Kankyo Co., Ltd.), our subsidiary prior to the transfer in March 2008.

10.0

8.0

6.0

4.0

2.0

# Highlights of Consolidated Financial Results for the First Nine Months of FY2009 (Ending March 31, 2010)

■Both sales and income declined year on year in the first nine months.

¥632.8 billion down 30.9% Net sales **Operating income** ¥8.1 billion declining 52.0% **Ordinary income** ¥5.5 billion **falling 58.1%** ¥2.0 billion down 43.1% Net income

■ The full-year consolidated results forecasts have been revised

(net sales: down 25.4%, operating income: declining 36.9%, ordinary income: falling 39.1%)

\*Refer to the notice of "Revisions of Results Forecasts" announced separately today for more information.

(Unit:	100	million	van)

			_		(Unit: 100 r	nillion yen)
(On a consolidated basis)	FY2008	FY2008 FY2009	Year-	on-year	FY2009	
(On a consolidated basis)	4/08-12/08 <b>4/09-12/09</b>		Change	Change (%)	Revised forecast announced on Feb. 5	Progress
Net sales	9,158	6,328	-2,830	-30.9%	8,500	74.4%
Gross trading profit	682	543	-139	-20.4%	-	-
SG&A expenses	513	462	-51	-9.9%	1	-
Operating income	169	81	-88	-52.0%	120	67.5%
Dividends received	6	5	-1	-	-	-
Interest	-34	-28	6	-	-	-
Gains on equity-method investment	-4	-7	-3	-	-	-
Others	-5	3	8	-	-	-
Non-operating income/loss	-37	-26	11	-	-	-
Ordinary income	132	55	-77	-58.1%	80	69.2%
Extraordinary gain	10	11	1	-	-	-
Extraordinary loss	-35	-9	26	-	-	-
Income before income taxes	107	57	-50	-46.8%	-	-
Income taxes and minority interest	-71	-37	35	-	-	-
Net income	36	20	-16	-43.1%	30	68.1%

## **Summary of Results for First Nine Months**

Net sales/Gross trading profit

Both net sales and operating income declined, reflecting a fall in trading rolume associated with weak demand and a decline in commodity

### Operating income

Operating income dropped in association with a fall in gross trading rofit, despite a decrease in selling, general and administrative expens

#### Ordinary income

Non-operating income increased as a fall in equity in earnings of affiliated companies was more than offset by the improvement in nterest income, thanks to a reduction in interest-bearing debt and mproved foreign currency translation outcomes. However, ordinary income declined, given a fall in operating income.

Net income fell year on year with falls in tax expense and minority nterests more than offset by a fall in income before income taxes.

and Net Assets	3/2009	12/2009	Change Change (%)	
Total assets	4,149	4,056	-93	-2.2%
Gross interest-bearing debt	2,136	2,028	-108	-5.1%
Net interest-bearing debt	1,346	1,201	-144	-10.7%
Shareholders' equity	510	530	20	4.0%
(Retained earnings)	-38	-17	20	-
Valuation and translation adjustments	-261	-262	-1	-
Minority interests	171	170	-1	-0.8%

249

6.0%

5.4 time

th 3/2009	Summary
nange (%)	Summary
-2.2%	Total assets Total assets fell 9.3 billion yen, primarily reflecting a
-5.1%	decline in operating assets.
-10.7%	Interest-bearing debt Gross interest-bearing debt fell 10.8 billion yen, reflecting
4.0%	repayments of seasonal loans by overseas offices.  Net interest-bearing debt dropped 14.4 billion yen, linked also to the rise in cash and bank deposits.
-	Net assets Shareholders' equity increased, reflecting the posting of net
-	income.  As a result, the equity ratio and net debt-equity ratio
-0.8%	improved to 6.6%, and 4.5 times, respectively.
4.2%	

(Note 1) Equity capital = Net assets - Minority interests

Total net assets

Equity capital (Note 1)

Equity ratio (Note 2)

Net debt-equity ratio (Note 3)

Assets, Liabilities

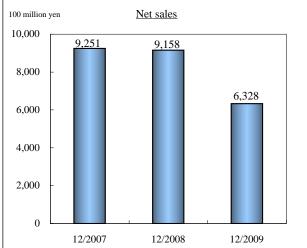
(Note 3) Net debt-equity ratio = Net interest-bearing debt / Equity capital

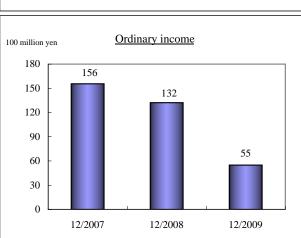
19

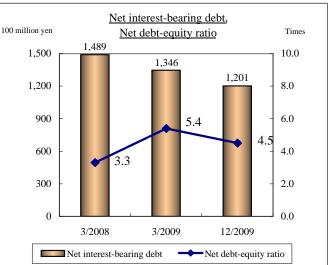
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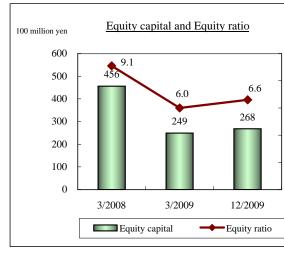
(Note 2) Equity ratio = Equity capital / Total assets

6.6% 4.5 time 7.6%









(Unit: 100 million yen)

		Net sales			Operating income			
Segment Information	FY2008 4/08-12/08	FY2009 4/09-12/09	Year-on- year Change	FY2008 4/08-12/08	FY2009 4/09-12/09	Year-on- year Change		
IT	2,091	1,678	-413	51	32	-20		
Foods & Foodstuff	2,583	2,034	-548	35	28	-8		
Iron & Steel	1,114	636	-477	54	21	-33		
Plant	724	409	-315	10	-11	-21		
Iron, Steel & Plant	1,838	1,045	-792	64	10	-54		
Energy	2,153	1,271	-882	16	2	-14		
Life Science	243	176	-67	5	3	-2		
Life Science & Energy	2,396	1,447	-949	21	6	-15		
Others	251	124	-127	-8	3	11		
Adjustment & elimination	-	-	-	6	3	-2		
Total	9,158	6,328	-2,830	169	81	-88		

# **Summary of Segment Results**

urnover declined, especially in the electronic components, semiconductor equipment and solution businesses. Overall, both sales and profit were down.

## Foods & Foodstuff

The foods business remained profitable, thanks to strong sales of less expensive items and steady narine products transactions that focused on sales of highly processed foods. The foodstuffs ousiness was affected by a fall in grain prices and a slump in sales prices in feedstuff transactions Overall, both sales and profit declined.

#### ron, Steel & Plant

Although transactions for the Middle East and auto-related transactions for China were solid, the operating environment remained difficult in transactions for North America, and in the domestic steel, transportation machinery, and machine tools businesses. Overall, both sales and profit were

## Life Science & Energy

Given a fall in prices of chemical products, reflecting lower prices of crude oil, as well as sluggish lemand, both sales and profits were down.

Net sales declined with the downsizing in the aluminum recycling business, but with an approvement in the profitability, overall operations of this segment moved into the black.

- \* The forecasts and forward-looking statements that are included in this document are based on information available at the time of the announcement
- as well as on calculations made using reasonable assumptions. Please note that actual results may differ materially depending on various factors.
- \* Since the figures above are rounded off to the nearest 100 million yen, the sum of each item and the total may differ.